

PIJAR

Paryeshana International Journal of Ayuredic Reserach

www.pijar.org

ISSN:2456:4354

Efficacy of *Taila Kalpana* in the management of *Khalitya* – A Case Study

Dr. Vijaykumar Chavadi¹ Dr. Pushpavati Policepatil² Dr. Bankimchandra S. Jambagi³

¹Associate Professor, ²Professor, PG Scholar ³Department of Rasashastra & Bhaishajya Kalpana, BVVS Ayurved Medical College and Hospital Bagalkot. *DOI:* https://doi.org/10.47071/pijar.2020.v05i05.025

Abstract:

Ayurveda being ancient system of medicine having uniqueness and diversity of preparations to maintain the health of a healthy individual and also to eradicate the diseases. Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana is the greatest contribution to Ayurveda, it has many types of pharmaceutical procedures, one of them is *Sneha Kalpana*. *Taila Kalpana* is pharmaceutical procedure to produce an oleaginous medicament from the substances such as Kalka, Kwatha and Drava Dravyas in the specific proportions by subjecting them to typical heating pattern like Agnipaka Vidhi (Direct heat from fire) and Adityapaka Vidhi (Exposure to Sunlight for longer duration). The Cosmetology is gaining more and more attention globally, which is defined on many factors, among them hair is an important factor. In recent days due to sedentary life style, stress and indiscriminate dietary habits results in hormonal imbalances along with deficiency of essential vitamins and minerals and many miscellaneou causes Hair fall. Hair fall is compared as Khalitya in Ayurveda. Present article is on the Efficacy of Taila Kalpana in the management of Khalitya. Method: Preparation of Adityapaka guduchi Taila as per Adityapaka Vidhi(Heating through sunlight) and Yastimadhwadi Taila with general method of preparation i.e., Agnipaka Vidhi (Heating through Fire) used in A Case Study, with the treatment modality of Adityapaka Guduchi Taila Shiro-Abhyanga and Yastimadhwadi Taila Nasya and Amalaki choorna as Shamanaushadhi. Result- Pharmaceutical study was observed and results were recorded and in case study It has drawn on the bases of assessment criteria. Results shown are *Taila Kalpana* is a suitable remedy and has shown good control and reduce hair fall and cured the associated symptoms of *Khalitya* (Hairfall) hence it can be concluded that on the study report *Taila Kalpana* is best in treating condition like Khalitya hence used in Shiro-Abhyanga and Nasya.

Key words: Taila Kalpana, Adityapaka Guduchi Taila, Yasthimadwadi Taila, Amalaki Churna, Khalitya, Shiro-Abhyanga, Nasya,

Introduction:

Ayurveda being ancient system of medicine having uniqueness and diversity of preparation to eradicate the diseases and also to maintain the health. Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana is the greatest contribution to Acharya Charaka Ayurveda. has described primary dosages forms i.e. Swarasa (Juice), Kalka (Paste), Kwatha (Decoction), Hima (Cold infusion) & Phanta (Hot infusion) and mentioned **Panchavidha** them as Kashaya *Kalpana*¹. Keeping these as the basic preparations number of secondary preparations have been derived from these five preparations viz. Asavarishta (Fermentation), Lepa (Paste), Churna (Powder), Sneha Kalpana (Fatty preparation), Vati (Pills) etc Sneha Kalpana is well known among them. Sneha Kalpana is a pharmaceutical procedure having 2 types 1. Taila Kalpana, 2. Ghrita Kalpana, Taila Kalpana is one which is followed to produce an oleaginous medicament from the substances such as Kalka, Kwatha, and Drava Dravyas in specific proportions by subjecting them to a specified heating pattern and duration². It is of 2 types viz., 1. Agnipaka Vidhi (Direct heat from fire), 2. Adityapaka

Vidhi (Exposure to Sunlight for longer duration) by these processes transformation of the active therapeutic properties of the ingredients to the solvents will take place and hence, one can recover fat-soluble as well as water-soluble chemical constituents from the drugs into the Taila. Taila Kalpana is most common in clinical practice due to their versatility with internal and external application.

Healthy, beautiful and long hair add charm and attraction to the personality. Sthira and Ghana Kesha are the signs of perfect health, they are among the qualities of Twak and Majjasara Purusha as per Charakacharya.³

There is no doubt on that the world of today is full of glamour and glory. Thus, the concept of beauty is gaining more and more attention globally, which is defined on many factors, among them Hair is one important factor.

In recent generation changed life style or more specifically westernized culture. Indifferent dietary habits and many miscellaneous causes have made early onset of Hair fall, The whole world is searching a solution to control the hair fall but still failed to give the answer but in Ayurveda *Acharya*

Sushruta had described the pathogenesis in following way that Pitta *Vata* enters into the along with Romakoopa (Hair roots) and produces Khalitya whereas the augmented Kapha along with Rakta obstructs the Romakoopa thus preventing the production of new Hair³. But Acharya Charaka told that due to Pitta Dosha along with Vata Dosha does the

Keshabhumi Dahana which in turn cause falling of hair called 'Khalitya'⁴. It is an attempt of single case study in the management of Khalitya / hair fall. In this present study Adityapaka Guduchi Taila⁵ and Yastimadhwadi Taila⁵ have been taken due to their unique method of preparation and directly indicated in Khalitya. The line of management is Nasya and Shiro-Abhyanga.

Methodology:

Preparation of Adityapaka Guduchi Taila6:

Table No.1: Tabulation of Ingredients for Adityapaka Guduchi Taila

SI.No	Drug	Role as	Part Used	Quantity
1	Guduchi	Drava dravya	Panchanga Panchanga	5 Litters
2	<i>Vata</i>	Kalka dravya	Arial roots	1.25 kg
3	Jatamasi	Kalka dravya	Tubers	1.25 kg
4	<i>Tila</i>	Sneha dravya	Seeds	5 Litters

Steps involved:

- Preparation of Guduchi Swarasa.
- Preparation of *Jatamansi* and Vatapraroha Kalka.
- Mixing it with Moorchita Tilataila.
- Keeping exposed to the hot sunlight..

Preparation of Guduchi Swarasa:

Ingredients: Freshly collected *Guduchi* Plant (Stem and Leaves)

Precautions: The physical impurities like Mud and dust particles should be remove.

Procedure: Fresh *Guduchi* leaves are collected and cleaned with water, then made them into paste form by pounding in *Khalwa yantra*, then juice is extracted by squeezing it with through a double layered cotton cloth. Thus obtained juice is *Guduchi Swarasa*.

Preparation of *Jatamansi* and *Vatapraroha Kalka*.

Procedure: Fresh wet drugs of *Vatapraroha* and *Jatamansi* root are collected and cleaned with water and made into paste in the Khalvayantra.

Mixing it with *Moorchchita Tilataila*:

In a broad mouthed stainless steel vessel, the extracted juice of *Guduchi* 1part is poured and equal quantity of *Moorchita Tilataila* is added after that the prepared *Kalka* of *Jatamansi* and *Vatapraroha* taken ¼th part then it is mixed homogeneously kept exposed to sunlight and stirred frequently to facilitate the absorption of active principles of *Guduchi*, *Vata praroha* and *Jatamansi* into the *Taila* media.

Keeping exposed to the sunlight:

After proper mixing, it is kept in a place where hot sun rays fall on that and the procedure of stirring is continued for every 1 hour so that the complete evaporation of water molecules takes place during *Adityapaka Vidhi* and *Taila Siddhi Lakshanas* are observed it took around 55 days to get proper *Taila siddhi Lakshana*.

Results: Initial quantity Moorchita

Tila Taila: 5 Litres

Quantity of APGT: 4 Litres

Yield: 80%

2. Preparation of Yastimadhwadi Taila7:

Table No.2: Tabulation of Ingredients for Yastimadhwadi Taila:

SI. No	Drugs	Role as	Part Use	Quantity
1	<i>Yastimadhu</i>	Kalka dravya	Bark	250 Gm
2	<i>Amalaki</i>	Kalka dravya	Fruits	250 Gm
3	<i>Godugdha</i>	Dravadravya	Milk	8 Litters
4	Moorchita Tila Taila	Snehadravya	Seeds	2 Litters

Steps involved:

- Preparation of Yastimadhu and Amalaki kalka
- General Method of Preparation of Taila Kalpana.

General Method of Preparation of *Taila Kalpana*:

Yastimadhwadi Taila is prepared by heating 4 part *Moorchita tilataila* on *Mridu Agni* followed by the addition of

Yashtimadhu and Amalaki as kalkadravya 1 Part. Then16 part of Godugdha as dravadravya is added and kept on Mandagni till it attain Sneha Siddhi Lakshanas like Gandha- Varna-Rasotpatti (desired smell, colour and taste), Shabdahinata (no cracking sound), Phenodgaman (appearance of froth) and Vartivat Kalka (paste of herbal drugs can be rolled between

fingers). after cooling the final product is collected filtered and stored in a air tight container. Final Results shows which is more than *Moorchita Tila Taila* used , quantity is more than that of *Moorchita Tila Taila* used it might be because of *Sneha* present in *Ksheera* added up giving more quantity of *Yastimadhwadi Taila*.

RESULTS:

Initial quantity of *Moorchchita*

Tila Taila: 2 Liters

Quantity of YMT: 3.5 Litres.

Yield: 175%

3. Preparation of Amalaki

Choorna:

Procedure: Dried *Amalaki* are selected and pounded in *Khalva yantra* till it become *Sookshma* form, then filtered in clean cloth to get fine form of *Amalaki Choorna*, later it is collected in air tight container.

Personal History: (Table No 3)

4. Clinical Study:

Case report:

This is a single case study of 40 year old female suffering from excessive hair fall along with itching and burning sensation in the scalp region since 4-5 years, visited OPD (OPD No.- 21767, Dated on 17-05-2019) of BVVS Ayurveda Hospital Bagalkot.

History of Present Illness:

A 37 year old female patient experiencing burning sensation in the scalp region and itching sensation along with that hair fall is developed, It is gradually increased that she experienced more hair loss so she approached BVVS Ayurveda Hospital for the management of Hair fall.

History of Past illness – There were no relevant past history.

Family History – No member of the Family had history of such illness.

Diet	Non- Vegetarian	
Appetite	Good — — — — —	
Micturition	3-4 times/ Day and 0-1 time/ Night	
Sleep	Disturbed	
Bowel Habit	Regular	
Addiction	Not Any	

Ashtavidha Pareeksha: (Table No. 4)-

Nadi	Mandooka Vat
Mutra	Prakruta
Mala	Sama
Jihwa	Alipta
Shabda	Spasta

Efficacy of *Taila Kalpana* in the management of *Khalitya* – A Case Study

Sparsha	Ushna
Drik	Prakrita
Akriti	Madhyama

Systemic Examination : (Table No. 4)

Blood Pressure	130 / 90mm of Hg
Temperature	Afebrile
Pulse	78 bpm
Respiratory Rate	18/ min
Height	5′4″
Weight	59 KG

Intervention:

Shiro-Abhyanga and Nasya Karma with Shamana Chikitsa was given to the Patient. The whole includes Mukhabhyanga, Shiro-Abhyanga, Nasya, Kavala and Dhoomapana of 7 days sitting with 15 days of Vishrama Kala with Shamanaoushadhi Amalaki Churna 4gms TID with warm water and again same procedures for 7 days Totally of 2 sittings have been given, the results have drawn on the bases of assessment criteria before and After the treatment.

Shodhana Chikitsa: (Table No 5)

SI. No.	Procedure	Medicine	Dose	Time
1.	Shiro-Abhyanga	Adityapaka	5-10 ml.	For 7 days of 2 sittings in the
		Guduchi Taila		Morning time.
2.	Nasya	Yashtimadhwadi	8 drops	For 7 days of 2 sittings in the
		Taila	each Nostril	Morning time.

Shamana Chikitsa during Vishrama Kala: (Table No.6)

SI. No.	Medicine	Dose	Frequency
1.	Amalaki Churna	4gms	Thrice a Day

Assessment Criteria: (Table No. 7)

Sl.no	Symptoms	Gradings
		0 <i>-Prakrita</i> – Absent
1.	Khalitya	1 - <i>Alpa khalitya</i> –Hair fall on Washing
		2 - <i>Madhyama khalitya</i> - Hairfall on Combing
		3 <i>Gambheera khalitya</i> - Hairfall on Simple Strengthening
		0- Prakrika
2.	Kesha Tanutva	1- Alpa tanutva

Efficacy of *Taila Kalpana* in the management of *Khalitya* – A Case Study

		2- Madhyama tanutva
		0- Gambheera tanutva
3.		0- Prakrita
	Keshabhoomi Daha	1- Alpa daha
		2- Madhyama daha
		3- Teevra daha
4.	0- Prakrita	
	Keshabhoomi Kandu 1- Alpa kandu	
		2- Madhyama kandu
		3- Satata kandu
5.	Pull Test	Positive -More than 5 after once pluck at
		central part of Scalp region
		Negative – Less Than 5 after once pluck
		at central part of Scalp region

Overall Assessment: (Table No.8)

Sl.No.	Assessment Criteria	Before Treatment	After Treatment
1.	Khalitya	4	1
2.	Kesha Tanutva	2	1
3.	Keshabhoomi Daha	2	0
4.	Kesha bhoomi Kandu	2	1
5.	Pull Test	Positive (14 Hair Strands)	Negative 4 Hair Strands)

Figures:

Before Treatment:







After Treatment:









Discussion:

Discussion on Taila Kalpana:

Kalpana is Taila pharmaceutical procedure to produce an oleaginous medicament ,The water soluble as well as fat soluble active principles can be transformed into Taila media and this addition of property make the formulations more potent and effective, Taila can be prepared with Methods i.e, *Adityapaka* Vidhi (Heat through Sunlight) and *Agnipaka Vidhi* (Heat through Fire) .

Probable mode of action of Adityapaka Guduchi Taila and its efficacy in Shiro-Abhyanga:

It is a unique method of preparation, where the *Tailapaka* is done with the aid of Sunrays till the complete evaporation of water molecules. It is having ingredients like Jatamansi, Vata Praroha Kalka in Guduchi Swarasa as Dravadravya and Tilataila as Sneha Dravya, it was kept for 55 days to complete the Tailapaka, as ingradient Jatamansi and Vatapraroha *Pitta Kaphahara* and Keshya property, Guduchi is Tikta Kashaya Rasa, and Madhura Vipaka, Ushna Veerya does Tridosha Shamana, *Kandugna* and Valipalita Nashana, Tilataila is Katu, Tikta Madhura Rasa Pradhana Ushna Veerya and Katu Vipaka which is the best Kaphapitta Shamaka, Keshya and as Adityapaka Guduchi Taila is prepared with Adityapaka Vidhi, where Taila absorbs UV rays from sunlight⁸ by the aid of UV rays *Taila* absorbs in deeper tissues, and one study also shown that Vitamin-D availability is more in Taila which act as a vehicle to facilitate more calcium reabsorption and improves thickness of hair shaft Taila was administered as Shiro-Abhyanga which will reach up to the roots of hair and by Abhyanga procedure blood circulation increases to the hair cells.

Probable mode of action of Yastimadhwadi Taila and its efficacy in Nasya:

It was prepared with general method of Taila Nirmana Vidhi, preparation is having the ingredients like Yastimadhu and *Amalaki as Kalka Dravya, Ksheera* as *Dravadravya* and *Moorchita Tilataila* as Sneha Dravya. Yastimadhu and Amalaki both are best Pittahara as well as Keshya and Ksheera has Madhura Rasa and Sheeta Veerya which does Dhatuposhana also good source of calcium, which helps in the nourishment of Hair. Tilataila has Katu, Tikta Madhura Rasa Pradhana, Ushna

Veerya and Katu Vipaka, which is a best Kaphapitta Shamaka, and Keshya. Yasthimadhwadi Taila is administered as Nasya, this procedure is mainly indicated to cure the diseases concerned above the supra-clavicle part of the body such as scalp, head, eyes & nose. Nasa/nose is considered as route of head.

Probable mode of Shamana Chikitsa (Amalaki Churna):

Amalaki as best Pittashamaka as well as keshya, Phytochemicals present in Amalaki are phenol, tannin, flavonoid, carboxylic acid, A good source of vitamin C, carotene, nicotinic acid, riboflavin, helps in Hair nourishment the dried Amalaki phala in churna form

1. Vd. Harishchandra Kushavaha
Edited The CHARAKA SAMHITA with
Ayurveda Deepika's Ayushi
Commentory, Sootra Sthana 4/7,
2012 reprint, Choukamba Orientalia
Varanashi; Page no 265

Bibiliography:

2. Parashuram Shastry edited "SHARANGADHAR SAMHITA" with dipika and Gudhartha dipika commentary (Madhyam khanda 9/1-2) edition reprint 2013 Chaukhambha Orientalia Varanasi, page no 212

does the absorption faster and condition is improved.

Conclusion:

Taila Kalpana is pharmaceutical procedure to produce an oleaginous medicament ,the water soluble as well as fat soluble active principles can be transformed into Taila media hence make the formulations more potent and effective. Efficacy of Taila Kalpanas are effective in treating the very much Khalitya and in present study, Adityapaka Guduchi Taila **Yastimadhwa**di Shiroabhyanga and Taila Nasya along with Amalaki Churna as Shamanaushadhi are shown good results in the management of Khalitya.

- 3. Vd. Harishchandra Kushavaha
 Edited The CHARAKA SAMHITA with
 Ayurveda Deepika's Ayushi
 Commentory, Vimana Sthana 8/103
 and 106, 2012 reprint, Choukamba
 Orientalia Varanashi; Page no. 691.
- 4. Vd. Harishchandra Kushavaha Edited The CHARAKA SAMHITA with Ayrveda Deepika's Ayushi Commentory, Chikitsa Sthana 26/132, 2012 reprint, Choukamba Orientalia Varanashi; Page no. 697.
- 5. Sri Rajeshwara data shasthri edited "BHAISHAJYA RATNAVALI" with

- Shri Ambika data shastri Commentary, (Kshudra rogadhikara 60/142&146),2004 reprint,
- 8. Shri Ambika data shastri Commentary, (Kshudra rogadhikara 60/142),2004 reprint, Choukamba samskrita samsthana Varanashi ; Page no. 669
- 9. Sri Rajeshwara data shasthri edited "BHAISHAJYA RATNAVALI" with Shri Ambika data shastri 11. UJAHM 2016, 04 (06): Page 22-24

- 6. Choukamba samskrita samsthana Varanashi ; Page no. 669 and 670.
- 7. Sri Rajeshwara data shasthri edited "BHAISHAJYA RATNAVALI" with Commentary, (Kshudra rogadhikara 60/146),2004 reprint, Choukamba samskrita samsthana Varanashi; Page no. 670
- 10.Rang et al. ,REVIEW ON ADITYAPAKA SNEHA KALPANA , ISSN 2347-2375,

Corresponding author:

Dr. Bankimchandra S. Jambagi, PG Scholar, Department of Rasashastra and Bhaishajya Kalpana, BVVS Ayurved Medical College and Hospital Bagalkot

Email: <u>bsjambaqi26@qmail.com</u>

Published BY:

Shri Prasanna Vitthala Education and Charitable Trust (Reg)

Source of Support: NIL

Conflict of Interest: None declared